THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION—"*The main pillar [illegible] the Temple of Liberty.*"—JEFFERSON.

VOL. VI. WASHINGTON CITY, D. C. JANUARY 22, 1842. NO. 111—WHOLE NO. 246

THE HUNTRESS.

WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

BY

MRS. ANNE ROYALL.

TERMS.

Two dollars and fifty cents; or three numbers for five dollars per annum, paid in advance. One dollar and fifty cents for six months, including the Session of Congress. Where it is convenient to subscribers to pay the money down, they can have the paper for six, three, or one months.

Subscribers may discontinue their papers when they think proper, by giving notice to the publisher and paying all arrearages.

All letters sent by mail, must be post-paid

SELECTED TALES.

SHE MARRIED NOT HER CHOICE.

The history of the heart affords too many instances of the short-sightedness of man. Fortune holds out to us, sweet in one hand and bitter in the other—and with a fatality in no wise corrected by the lessons of experience, we seize the latter. Refusing to profit by the experience of others, we purchase wisdom at our own cost, and obtain it too often, not till the fruit of folly is eaten to the core. Were our several courses marked out and unalterably fixed by the hand of destiny, we might reap some consolation that our misfortunes were not of our own making But when a kind Providence has placed both the good and bad before us, and given to the most unworthy a 'choice of evils,' and we prefer the worst—then it is that even this spark of comfort is denied us, and we are left to the bitterness of our own reflections.

Alice Taylor was in some respects a peculiar girl. She was neither the queen of beauty nor the essence of perfection—and yet there was that about her which rendered her far more interesting. There was an inexpressible sweetness in her countenance, that told directly to the heart. Her eye was the finest I ever saw, of a dark hazel color—soft, small, and delicate, it seemed to revel in the joys of its own existence. Her smile was inimitable—It almost whispered the pure, unsuspecting confidence of love. It spoke the genuine feelings of a virtuous heart.

Alice was emphatically one of that class of girls who improve upon acquaintance. Those only who were admitted to the secrecy of the private circle, could fully appreciate her merits. It was my fortune to become one of these. The friendship which I at first entertained toward her, as a young lady of agreeable manners, soon expanded into an attachment—and this in turn brightened into love, and I began to ponder the propriety of making some special advances. There were but two serious objections. She was of a delicate constitution, and, as I feared, too young. Physiology had taught me to believe, that either the one or the other ought to be a bar to marriage. And this opinion I have never, up to the present hour, seen cause to abandon, though, since that time, year after year has winged its rapid flight into the regions of the past.

While thus at a stand, uncertain whether or not to advance, I learned that a young Mr. Terrel was addressing her. Observation proved the report to be true. My course was decided. I handed her a letter. I was entered as a rival.

Until a few months previous I had never seen her face. My father's home was far distant. I was a 'stranger in a strange land.' Terrel, on the contrary, lived in the same neighborhood, and had known her almost from infancy. Though he was not handsome, and notwithstanding his education was limited, his reputation was nevertheless fair, and he was a family connexion of hers. He was also, to a small extent, my superior in point of fortune. To oppose these odds, I offered a personal appearance which vanity whispered would be highly flattered by a comparison with his—an unblemished character—and my college diploma.

Determined not to be foiled with success, in order the more easily to bear up against a failure, I awaited an answer to my communication with almost a stoic's indifference. It came not. I sought a personal interview, and was referred to a future period for a definite reply. At the time appointed she declined carrying the matter further for want of sufficient age. Strange, thought I, she had not made the discovery sooner. But why need I wonder, when she had from my own lips, my unyielding opposition to early marriages? Judge of my surprise at learning, that very evening, that she had not reached fifteen. This reconciled me to the end, but I would have preferred other means.

Her refusal was conveyed in such exceedingly delicate terms, that I should have felt degraded in my own estimation, had I been conscious of entertaining for a moment a shade of resentment. No! though I forgot to love, I could never cease to respect.

My notions of independence, which a gentleman should possess on such occasions, were perhaps somewhat singular. They may have degenerated into obstinacy. I had resolved that no lady should ever have the opportunity of discarding me twice. And yet I felt half inclined to make her case an exception. On ascertaining her age, however, this idea was abandoned finally and forever. Never again were my lips to whisper love to her. Henceforth I was to exercise toward Miss Taylor only esteem, but that of the highest order. Thus commenced and thus ended my second love-scrape. My first has never been given to the public.

A few months rolled around, and I was sitting one evening in my chamber, closely engaged in study. A friend entered with —'News for you.'

'Ah! for me!' said I.

'Yes; Alice is to be married, and she marries not her choice.'

'You are in jest.'

'Not I. My authority is undoubted It is her own language. She yields to the persuasions of her friends"

'Are you in earnest!"

'I am.'

'Whom does she marry?"

'Terrel.'

'Her choice!"

'G. W. P——,' naming myself.

O! there are moments when the heart sickens at success. There are times when victory itself is a curse. My spirit sunk within me. My blood seemed to stagnate. The very fountains of life appeared for a moment to have dried up. To have courted her—to have been defeated—to have reconciled myself to that defeat, under the conviction that it was preferable to success—to be told that her heart was mine, her hand another's—that she was to marry a man for whom she could entertain, perhaps a cold respect—to think that but for me, she would at least, have married him with a better show of propriety, and might have never known what it was to love another—that she could return only lifeless formality, where pure, ardent affection would be expected—that she was about to bestow only her hand upon him, who would be entitled to both heart and hand—to believe that the consequences of such a union would be loathing, dissatisfaction and disgust, and that Alice must drag out an unhappy existence in the embrace of one she could not love. O! these were reflections which pierced to the very bottom of my soul. Would that I had never handed her that letter. O! that she had gone to the altar uninformed of another's love. Blessed ignorance! hated and detested as thou art by the wise, 'tis to thee the countless children of Adam are indebted for no small share of sublunary bliss.

In due time the wedding day was set. It came. I stood by Terrell's side before the man of God. I heard him take the solemn pledge—I heard her vow to 'love, honor and obey.' I heard them pronounced 'man and wife.' They became seated. Both smiled, and one was happy. I was the first to offer congratulations—but, alas! they proceeded only from the lips. The evening was spent in amusements, till at a late hour the company separated I returned to my lodgings filled with the most melancholy reflections.

Spring came, and with it a change in my pursuits. New engagements called me to a distant part of the country. I became absorbed in the cares and anxieties of life. The duties of my profession were arduous, and the demands upon my attention incessant. Amid a crowd of business, the fair were almost forgotten, if that were possible. At length, however, an unexpected turn of events brought me some relaxation. I had lost no time in improving it, and soon found myself supplicant at the shrine of beauty. My efforts were crowned with success. We were married. Never, never shall I forget the thoughts which that evening rushed through my mind.—The joyful anticipations, the happy dreams, the eager longings of childhood, youth and early manhood—the whole 25 years of my life seemed to have crowded and centred themselves in that one hour. There, by my side, sat the object of all my earthly aspirations—the fair being whom I had so often before vainly endeavored to picture in imagination. There she sat, a living reality. My happiness was complete. Visions of the future started up to view before me. We had pledged ourselves to tread the path of life together. Was that path to be strewed with flowers or thorns! Was she, the child of affluence, to bless the day that united her fate with mine, or to plod down the hill of life in the coarsest habiliments of want? Thoughts such as these clouded my brow with sadness. Amid the hilarity and mirth and joy which prevailed around me, in the secrecy and depth of my soul, I pledged myself to be her protector, her supporter, and her comfort. With all the sacredness of an oath, I vowed, that as she had been nursed in the lap of fortune, so with the smiles of heaven on my efforts, she should still enjoy, at least a competency.

After the honey moon had been spent in the usual interchange of visits—the giving and receiving of dinners, parties, &c., I applied myself with renewed ardor to the duties of my calling. Untiring industry and perseverance, aided by my own and my wife's capital, soon put me in possession of quite a handsome estate, and I resolved as soon as my affairs could be properly arranged, to retire into private life.

For a few years after I had been engaged in my professional pursuits, I had accustomed to think frequently with a sweet, soothing melancholy pleasure, of Alice. Gradually, however, as the cares of a family and the duties of public life increased in their demands upon my attention, I found less time to devote to musings on the past till finally her memory had well nigh faded from my mind. Even thought itself in its backward flight through the long vista of years, now scarcely lingered a moment around her name. Accident served to recall it in all the freshness and vigor of youth.

Professional engagements called me to a distant part of the State, and and as my route would necessarily lie near the section in which Alice had formerly resided, I determined to turn aside from my direct course to learn something of her history. I put up for the night at an inn in the neighborhood, and in due time inquired for Mrs. Alice Terrel. I was answered with a sigh, which evidently betokened no good. Her story, as related by the landlord, was this: 'Shortly after marriage, she and her husband settled on an excellent farm with every prospect of a long and happy life. For a few years, they seemed to enjoy themselves much in each other's society. At length, however, as the ardor of youth were off, most of those little attentions so common with a newly married couple, and which, though of small real value in themselves, yet add so much to happiness in domestic life, were laid aside—particularly by Mrs Terrel. She did not, as she had done, now run to meet him at the door. Her inquiries about his success or disappointment in business, were neither so frequent or so earnest as formerly. Her sympathy was not so freely extended, nor did she enter so fully into his feelings as in times past. Still there was no decided mark of disrespect—there was no complaining—no chiding. Alice had too much good sense to manifest any thing of that kind. She only did not love. But she endeavored to respect him, and to some extent succeeded Yet her professions were not so warm as they had been. Terrel began to doubt the sincerity of his wife's affections. Unwilling to trust to first impressions, lest perchance he should be led into error, he examined the matter closely and minutely, until at last when all hope had failed him, he reluctantly consented to believe that his wife had given him her hand but not her heart. He was forced to acknowledge to himself the conviction that his own wife did not love him. That hour struck a death blow to all his peace. *He* was an extremely sensitive man—ready to assert his rights the moment they were invaded or disputed, and had idolized his wife. *To* meet with lifeless respect, where he had looked for ardent affection, was a fate for which he was by no means prepared. And yet he felt that it was his fate. His very brain staggered beneath the blow. He fled to the bottle for relief. It failed the aid he sought. The card table followed. For a time his troubles were drowned amid the excitement of the play. But even this only afforded a temporary forgetfulness of his miseries, while his lucid intervals were filled up with the reproaches of a guilty conscience. His strides to ruin increased with most fearful rapidity, till in the short space of two years, an affray at a horse race terminated his career. Fortunately, the brevity of his course forbade his squandering the whole of his estate. A sufficiency was left it afford his family the necessaries, but no the luxuries of life.'

On the next day I called on Mrs. Terrel and learned from her own lips the whole history of the matter, which corresponded substantially with that given by the landlord.

She had three interesting children, one son and two daughters, the youngest of which (then about four years of age,) I was permitted, after much persuasion, to adopt. She is to be educated along with my own daughters. Whatever care may be bestowed upon them, shall be freely shared with her. In fact, I intend to spare no pains to render her in every respect an amiable and accomplished lady.

In the course of a couple of days, I left the dejected and melancholy widow, to attend to the business which had called me from home.

'Alice Taylor married not her choice.'

'I swow,' said a Yankee to his better half, on landing at New Orleans, a week or two ago, from Boston, 'I swow, Rachel if I don't b'lieve the captain of that 'ere brig has been pulling wool over our eyes, for instead of being twenty days on the passage, I guess we ha' been twenty weeks. Why, we were right slap in winter when we left Bosting, and here we are right chuck in the middle of summer.'

Nine States a Day.—Some gentlemen on board the steamer Diamond the other day, were conversing about the wonderful power of steam, the great facilities it had given to travelling, etc. One gentlemen remarked that a man might leave New York in the morning, and arrive the same evening in Baltimore, thus being in five States in one day.

'Only five is it ye say,' said an Irishman present, 'and it is meself who was in nine States on Monday last.

The company were incredulous, and called on Paddy to explain how such a thing could be possible, which he did as follows.

'Well you see! gentlemen, I was married in New York last Monday morning at 6 o'clock, and went with my dear Bridget to Baltimore the same day, and safe, below! I got there, I was afther gettin so drunk as a baste. So you perseve, I was in the State of New York, the state of sobriety, the state of single blessedness, the State of New Jersey, the state of [illegible] city, [illegible] mattimony,] the State of Pennsylvania, the State of Delaware, the State of Maryland, and the state of intoxication, and all owing to the wonderful powers of steame!'

WASHINGTON CITY.

SATURDAY JANUARY 22, 1842.

REMARKS ON NAVY YARDS, &c. &c.

(*Concluded.*)

In our last paper we gave a list of offices and master workmen in this city, and their pay, so far as we could ascertain. It is said there are 200 men—that is, mechanics in the yard, and if they do not do their duty, it is not for want of overlookers, which are 29 in number, besides the guard, at an expence of $27,466, including naval and civil Bosses

The exact amount of wages of each mechanic per day we do not know, but this we do know, for we have seen it, that they are paid off twice a month—that they are paid in *specie*, and that such is the weight of it, it has to be carried in a cart each time.

Whether the workmen receive all this, or whether the officers draw their share at the same time, we are ignorant.

We also know that the men are idle a great portion of their time, for the last three or four years, for the want of work, but still draw FULL PAY! This is contrary to the spirit and practice of *all nations*, and contrary to *all law*. Even the naval officers themselves, from the highest to the lowest, have their pay reduced to one-half, or about that, when not on service.

We see no account of work done in *any* of these yards—nor is there a list of the *officers* or *men* attached to them, either in the *Blue Book* or *Naval Register*, nor of any *ship yard*, of which there appears to be *nine*. What the object of the Board is, in keeping matters of such importance to the people, concealed, they can best tell—our knowledge merely extends to the facts of the Navy Yard in this city. The main argument deduced from these facts amounts to this, that if the Board has been guilty of such dereliction of trust, under the very eye of Congress, the *Secretary* of the *Navy*, the *President* and other high functionaries of the government, what would they not do? What can we expect from them in distant navy yards and fortifications, surveys, &c.

There are attached to the other navy yards in the United States nine naval storekeepers, amounting in the aggregate to per annum, . . $13,950

Of Naval CONSTRUCTORS,

five, amounting in the aggregate per annum, to . . 12,200

Blue Book, 1839.

In regard to these naval constructors, we should like to know why the Constructor at the Washington Navy Yard, where no ship building is carried on, should receive £[illegible]$3000[illegible] [see Blue Book] per annum, while at *Boston*, *Norfolk* and Philadelphia, where *ship-building* is done, receive only $2,500!

Again. Some how or other, the report got out that all, or most of those navy yard Bosses were incompetent to the business over which they were placed, and the commissioners sent a Mr. Homan—a creature of their own, to Norfolk [and for all we know to other yards] to investigate the affair, with full powers. The result of his voyage of discoveries we never heard—probably he published it in his "Naval Chronicle," [which we never see] to the satisfaction of his employers.

This was a laudable act in the Board to be sure, sending a man totally ignorant of navigation or naval architecture, to investigate the skill and procedure of ship-building, wherein the lives of thousands, besides the treasure of the nation is at stake. Where was the Naval Constructor? What was he paid for? But any competent man, who was not interested, would have put some face on the thing—but to send an ignorant man, a creature of their own, who dare neither speak, nor write any thing to incur their displeasure, has a bad appearance.

Let the business of Mr. Homan to Norfolk have been what it may, certain it is, that one of the workmen was discharged by some of the master workmen, for giving evidence against them, amounting to their incompetency in the business over which they were set. This was Mr. *Plant*, a fine workman, whom every one in this city knows, [where he previously lived] was twice burnt out, and was compelled to seek work elsewhere. This is what people get for their honesty.

To come to the point. There appears to be a great deal of money spent at these navy yards, and little to show for it. Whose fault is it? If the truth must be told, it is ultimately the fault of CONGRESS, the immediate representatives of the people.

The Secretary of the Navy reports the aggregate cost of these matters to Congress—that body refers it to the appropriate committee. Why does this committee not call for the officer who audits the accounts, which, if properly kept, will show a great imposition. But it is said there is a shameful anomaly in all the naval accounts. Then it is time to put an end to it, for the country cannot support such expenditures.

We see they have some fine men on the committee at present. If they call for the manner in which the fortification expenditures have been made, they will find another black business of it.

LADIES OF NEW MEMBERS.

(*Continued.*)

Mrs. *Thompson*. Mrs. T. is the lady of our highly esteemed friend of Chapel-Hill, N. C. where he was then a student, Hon. Jacob Thompson, and now a representative from Mississippi.

Mrs. T. is a tall, elegantly formed figure—rather slender, graceful and undulating, with finely moulded limbs. Her face is oval, fair, rather thin, with regular, pleasant features, and a full, clear, blue eye, of much intelligence and penetration. Her forehead is deep, smooth and chaste, with an elevated—beautifully curved brow. Her countenance is gentle, and deeply imbued with sweetness and innocence, and denotes great goodness of heart. In her manners Mrs. T. is accomplished, and has much ease and elegance.

We did not observe the color of her hair, but think it is of the middling shade.

Mrs. A. *Summers*. Mrs. S. is the lady of Hon. G. W. Summers, one of the new members from Va. She is a very young woman, and highly captivating in her appearance. She is quite tall, with a figure of perfect symmetry and proportion. Her face is oval, with pleasing features, diffused with a delicate carnation glow. Her complexion is of the middling shade, with a high, smooth forehead, and serene brow. Her eye is a deep hazel, full, mild and soft as the falling dew, and has much innocence of expression.

Her countenance is calm and benevolent, and bespeaks a depth of thought "untouched by care." In her manners Mrs. S. is affable, modest and dignified.

Mrs. *Stuart* This lady is the wife of Hon. A. H. H. Stuart, who came into Congress at the same time with Mr. Summers, from West Virginia. Mrs. S. is young looking, and though married some time, she has all the youthful freshness of a girl, joined to the matronly dignity of the wife. In person she comes up to the standard height, with a light, slender figure, in which there is a native grace and fitness of form, that strikes the mind with admiration at first sight. Her face is oval and uncommonly fair, with delicate features, of the most perfect symmetry, slightly tinged with the rose. Her forehead is bland and proportionably high, stamped with sweetness and intelligence—adorned with a delicately pencilled, auburn brow, the color of her hair. Her eyes are parti-colored, between a blue and hazel, brilliant as gems, and sheds an ever varying radiance over her features when she smiles, that gives to her countenance an unspeakable charm, which it is impossible for any painter to do justice. Her countenance denotes intellect and refinement, which, combined with the gentleness and sweetness of her manners, has great power over the affections.

This is however, but a faint outline of the person of Mrs. S. to whom we find it impossible to do justice. Her husband—Mr. S. is admitted to be one of the most splendied looking men in Congress. Truly they are an enviable pair.

They have an interesting little son with them, the very image of its father.

Mrs. *Jones*. Mrs. J. is the lady of Hon. Isaac D. Jones, one of the new members of Congress from Maryland, whom we had the honor to mention heretofore.

Mrs. J. is but recently married, and is very young and very beautiful. She is of good height, with a sylph-like figure, and an easy graceful carriage. Her face is oval, with delicate features of the finest mould, and a rosate complexion of the purest transparency. Her eye is an etherial blue, of unrivalled beauty and animation Her forehead is high, smooth and fair as ivory, with a fairy, floating brow. Her lip of scarlet, her pretty teeth, her witching smile, the bright, clustering, auburn curls that shade her dimpled cheek, is truly fascinating Her countenance is cheerful, and has much intelligence and vivacity, and betokens that kindness of heart which has its origin in heaven.

In her manners Mrs. J. is accomplished, natural, and uncommonly winning. We do not wonder that Mr. Jones should have been so captivated that he could hardly wait for the house to adjourn last summer, before he was on his way to Baltimore, where his lady-love resided. May they ever be the happiest of the happy.

Miss E Boggs. Miss B. is likewise of Baltimore, and with the sister of Mrs. J. [of whom we shall soon speak] attended the happy bride to this city. We were never more struck with astonishment than when Miss B. was led into the parlor, where we were sitting! It is impossible for pen, or pencil to do justice to so much beauty and loveliness. If you can imagine a young creature about seventeen, we should guess, with a majestic figure and form of the De Medicis size, symmetry and grace, you may form some idea of her shape and figure. Her face is round, with full features of inimitable fitness and proportion, while the bloom of her dimpled cheek outrivals the rose, and this again contrasted with a profusion of shining hair of raven blackness, and her snowy neck—to say nothing of the most beautiful black eye in nature, we repeat, that excellence so rare and unexpected, would astonish any one—it sets description at defiance. Her eye is not exactly a sparkling eye, it is rather glowing, and emits a smile, as it were, of such ineffable sweetness and innocence, that it reaches the heart. Her countenance is animated and expressive, and her manners are genteel, though very diffident.

Miss *Ellen Hay*. Miss H. is the sister of the newly married, Hon. Mrs. Jones, to whom she bears a strong resemblance. She is of good height, with a light, waving figure in which you may discern her native charms are "left to sink and rise as nature pleases." Miss H. is very young, scarcely grown—the charms of womanhood are therefore not yet unfolded, if we were to judge. Her face is oval, and exceedingly fair, with handsome, delicate features, of a light carnation bloom. Her eye is a light blue, large—soft and dazzling as the dew drop, and innocent as the dove. Her mouth and teeth are exquisitely beautiful—her fair polished forehead, and innocent brow, gives to her countenance an expression of shrinking modesty, extremely interesting.

If she be spoken to, she blushes to the eyes and then she shows so much taste in her dress for one of her years—so plain and becoming, and her fine brown hair is merely parted and combed back on the temple.

We are much mistaken if these two girls do not commit great havoc amongst hearts, during their visit to the city.

In short, extensive as our travels have been, we never saw so many fine women in one group before. The gentlemen, too, are so accomplished, so good and amiable, that they have a little Paradise amongst themselves.

Our pleasure, however, was considerably damped by the absence of one of the party, Mrs. Triplett, who was indisposed.

[COMMUNICATED]

I hear with unfeigned pleasure that the learned and much esteemed jurist, David Hoffman, Esq. of Baltimore, is now one of the counsel of our fellow citizen, O. de A. Santangelo, in the prosecution of his just claims on Mexico—and it is a remarkable fact that Mr. H. had of late declined his appointment as one of the American Commissioners in the Board now sitting in this city, under the Convention with Mexico. I congratulate Mr. S. to have found, at last, among our *hospitable* countrymen, a philanthropist who, by taking a generous interest in his undeserved and honorable misfortunes, will fearlessly, no doubt, cause many of our *soi disant* patriots and statesmen, to blush at having so ruthlessly disregarded a claim, arising from injuries and persecutions of the most atrocious character, in punishment of but a candid and noble zeal in defence of the honor and interests of our own country. I am further informed that Mr. H. had added of late to the numerous vouchers, of which he is in possession, in support of the claims of his respected client, an official certificate from the Consul General of the Two Sicilies in New York, Chev. R. Montuscelli, wherein it is attested that Orazio de Attellis, Marquis of Santangelo, belonging to one of the most illustrious families of that kingdom, and whose moral and scientific endowments were highly admired in his own country, having emigrated from it in 1821, on account of the downfall of the constitutional system proclaimed there at the time, was recalled home in 1836 by a royal ordinance. &c. The fact, therefore, of Mr. S. having hitherto kept inviolated his oath of allegiance to the United States, proudly preferring his American citizenship to the dazzling brilliancy of a royal court, ought to be felt deeply by every true American heart, as one of those really heroic achievements, which should be deemed the more worthy of admiration, as they are but too rare among all nations. Self-abrogation in honor of the popular cause is somewhat better, I should think, than selfishness in cabals of *election* or re-election. I moreover learn, that a third pamphlet, in the case of Mr. S. is now under press, containing amongst other interesting documents a public instrument of Protest, soundly raisonne, entered by Mr. S. before a Notary Public, of this city, against the aforesaid Convention, and both the Mexican and American governments. Rumor adds that this Protest will not prove very palatable to some of the grandees, only fond of incense and flattery.

FELT RATHER SMALL.

'I say Colonel—do you see that beautiful girl on the other side of the street?' said a boasting fop to a gentleman to whom he had just been introduced.

'I do sir,' answered the Colonel with a smile.

'Well,' returned the fop, 'I was very near running off with her once. She loved me to distraction—but her brute of a father—

'I beg your pardon,' interrupted the Colonel, pointing to the door, 'I am the brute, and that young lady is my daughter.'

'He is too big for his business,' as the lady said of the sweep who was fast in the chimney.

POETRY.

From the Thomaston [Me.] *Recorder*

SCANDAL.

There is a female—well I know—
  A lady of pretensions,
Whose food is—and on this she lives—
  Hard sayings and contentions.

It is her point to understand
  The business of her neighbors—
To evil speak and scandalise
  Make up her daily labors.

Sometimes she will a shopping go,
  But in her heart is evil—
And all the merchants will exclaim,
  'We'd rather see the devil!'

She'll call for thread, and silk, and cloth,
  Nor take one nor the other—
And to the clerks who keep the shops
  Be an eternal bother.

This is too coarse, and that too high,
  The price must be enormous—
You've sold a better cheaper cloth,
  To ladies in before us."

So around and around the shops she goes,
  To hear and carry scandal—
The characters that stand the best
  It is her food to handle.

'Tis thus she lives in constant strife,
  Perverse and evil minded—
To every body's interest, but—
  Her own, she's ever blinded.

She has no joy except 'tis when
  She's in some wicked wrangle—
When on some poor, devoted head,
  Her tonguey shots can bang well,

TRANSPERTIBLE."

TOE SALLY.

BY ZEPHANIAH STALING.

Sally Dumpkins are the gal,
  Wat I doo most add mire;
I kol hur mi sweet charmin Sal,
  And ime hur Zephaniah.

Sally's cheeks air like the rose,
  Hur lips air like the cherry;
Hur ise air laffin stars of lite,
  Hur hart is allers merry.
Hur voyce is like a anjel's note,
  Upon the breezes bloon,
Hur step is like a farres—lite,
  Hur grayces air hur own.

'By golly, tho,' she is a gal
  Wat's got mi hart kumpletely,
And when I hug hur tu mi brest,
  Hur kisses air so sweetly.

'Tom, my boy, you should be careful always to keep your nose clean, and avoid the bonds of iniquity.'

'Yeth, pa. I know what bonth them ith.'

'Do you?—tell me then—hold up your head now and speak out.'

'Yeth, thir. They ith the 'Mithithippi bonth, ain't they?'

'To be sure—Tom, to be sure!'

Ephraim's Scrap Book.

Dr. Barrett's Cats.—The anecdote of the two cats, which has been told of many learned men, originated with him. His only pets were a cat and a kitten, its progeny A friend, seeing two holes in the bottom of his door, asked him for what purpose he made them there. Barrett said it was for his cats to go in and out.

'Why,' replied his friend, 'would no one do for both?'

'You silly man,' answered the doctor, 'how could the big cat get into the little hole?

'But,' said his friend, could not the little one go through the big hole?'

'Egad,' said Barrett, 'and so she could, but I never thought of that.'

'And isn't it too bad now?' said an Irishman on Sunday—'there's that spalpeen who has spent but ninepence, is as drunk as a duke, while I have spent three and sixpence for liquor, and the devil a bit I'm drunk yet.'

'What a lazy fellow you are Jack.' 'O no, not lazy, only you see, Bill, I and work had a sort of falling out, when I was a boy, and we have'nt made it up yet.

'We have to pay for every thing,' as the man said when a musquito, after a voluntary serenade, sent his bill into him.

NEW GROCERY.

Mr. JAMES GIVEN has the honor to inform the Public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has just opened a Grocery Store in that noted building on Penn Avenue, near the Railroad Depot, formerly occupied by Mr. Dunn as a furniture store, and latterly by the office of the Native American, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom, with every article in the Grocery line.

$100 REWARD.

DR. STORM'S SPECIFIC COMPOUND

For the cure of Gonorrhea, Gleets, Strictures, Diabetes or difficulty in making water, and all other unnatural discharges from the uretha of either sex.

In no case has this medicine been know to fail, to effect a permanent cure, and too in the shortest possible time. Should this medicine fail to effect a cure where it has been taken according to directions, return the empty vial and get back the money Why then spend both time and money with such quack nostrums as cannot be depended upon; when, for $1, you can purchase a pleasant, sure, and speedy cure, composed solely of vegetable substance? One hundred dollars will be paid to any one who will produce a medicine to equal this compound, or who will prove that it contains any mineral substance whatever.

☞For sale in Washington city by Robert Patterson, corner 9th and the Avenue, and Charles C. Stott, corner of 7th street, and the avenue; and by H. Wade on 7th street, and by J. & W. Young jr.

In Georgetown by John L. Kidwell.

MRS. HALL'S
BOARDING HOUSE,
Pennsylvania Avenue,
NEARLY OPP. BROWN'S HOTEL,
WASHINGTON.

FRESH
GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS,

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, at

J. F. CALLAN'S,

Drug Store, Corner of E and 7th streets,

WASHINGTON CITY:

Among which may be found the following Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans, various kinds; Beets, every variety; Brussels Sprouts, Broceli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, Carrots, do. do. Cauliflowers, late and early, Celery, white and red, Chervil, or Salad, Corn Salad, Cress or Pepper Grass; Cucumber, late and early; Corn, early, prolific, and sweet; Egg Plant, white and purple; Endive Curled; Kale or Borecole; Leek, English and Scotch Lettuce, all the best sorts; Melons and Cantelopes; Nasturtium; Okra, excellent for Soups; Onions, white, red, and silver, Parsley, plain and curled; Parsnip, large, Peas, extra early, early and late; Pepper, Squash and other, Pumpkins, premium, Radishes, many sorts; Rhubarb, for Tarts Salsify or Vegetable Oyster; Sprage round and prickly; Squash, every variety, Tomato, the finest kind; Turnip, all the best sorts, Onion Sets, &c. &c.

Splendid Flower Seeds, Bulbous Roots Dahlias, &c. &c.

☞These seeds are put up in small and convenient parcels, and are warranted true and genuine. The Roots, (particularly the Dahlias,) are of the most beautiful description, comprise all the new varieties, and will be sold at the New York prices

*** Orders from a distance punctually attended to, and Seeds, Roots and plants carefully packed to go to any part of the United States.

THE HUMAN HAIR is warranted staid or restored, and the head kept free from Dandruff, by the genuine *Oldridge's Balm of Columbia.*

Remember the genuine as described below this is certified to by several Mayors, Ministers of the Gospel, British Consul Physicians, and a great number of our most honorable citizens, to be seen where it is sold

DARING FRAUD.—his article has been imitated by a notorious counterfeiter. Let it never be purchased or used unless it have, the name of L. SOMSTOCK, or the signature of COMSTOCK & CO. on a splendid wrapper. This is the only external test that will secure the Public from deception.

Apply at the wholesale and retail office No 2 Fletcher street, near Maiden Lane and Pearl street.

COMSTOCK & CO.

Wholesale Druggists, New York

A great variety of the most worthless trash for the hair has sprung up on the credit of this article. This has stood the test of 21 years, and rapidly increased in favor

STEAMBOAT HOTEL.

The subscriber having taken the large and commodious Hotel on Seventh street, one door from the corner of Pa. Av. facing *Centre Market,* formerly occupied by *John Lloyd,* Esq.

Of this long established house, for ales convenience, and comfortable apartments little need be said. he subscriber, also long known to the Public, is prepared to accommodate boarders and travellers at the shortest notice. His table is plentifully furnished with the best the market affords prepared by experienced cooks, and attentive servants.

His bar is furnished equal to any in the United States.

He flatters himself, therefore, that from his zeal to give entire satisfaction, he may receive a moderate share of public patronage.

B. O. SHECKLES.

sept. 23, 1840

PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY COURIER.—Printed and published by A M'Makin & E. Holden, at No. 72 Dock Street, corner of Walnut.

Terms of Subscription—$3 per annum. $2 if paid in advance $1,25 in advance for six months.

Of Advertising.—$1 per square for each inserion. No yearly advertising admitted lahese terms have been adopted both because me number of subscribers are so much larger than allt he daily papers united, as to make them actually cheaper, and because a epetition of old advertisements affords no interest to the readers.

Papers discontinued only at the option the publishers, while arrearages are due.

Small notes are received in payment of our bills.

Any person forwarding $10 will be entitled to six copies.

Postage on letters must invariably be paid.

Travelling Agents will much oblige by sending the numbers and time paid for, as well as invariably the names paid.

All remittances of money by mail are acknowledged in the 'Receipts by Mail.'

Agents for this paper are earnestly requested to make quick remittances, without which it is impossible to keep accounts even.

When a single paper is ordered by an agent and postage accrues, it is invariably charged to the subscriber.

Directions must always be accompanied with the name of the subscriber, and the Post Office at which a paper is discontinued or paid for, and in case of a removal, the office from, as well as to, which the paper is to be changed.

PROPOSALS
FOR
PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION

The Authentic Report of the Controversial Discussion, that took place in the City of Dublin, in the year 1827, between the Rev THOMAS MAGUIRE, and the Rev R. T. P. POPE.

This celebrated work, the most remarkable controversal discussion of modern times, having gone through twenty-one editions in England and Ireland, where it is still read with extraordinary vidity, and in the United States passed through three editions, all of which are exhusted to the last copy; and the demand for it from all quarters, Catholic and Protestant, being still very great, it is proposed to re-publish it in Weekly Numbers at such a price as to put it within the reach of all without sparessing any.

Those in the City of N. York, who wish the work, will be served by leaving their names with the publisher, John Doyle, 294, Pearl Street, those at a distance can have it regularly mailed to them, by remitting one dollar in a post-paid letter

Agents.—Mr. Patrick Conolly, 118 Ann St. Boston;—Henry Mc Keon, Willing. Alley, Philadelphia;—Mr. John Farnon, Utica, N. Y.;—r. T Mathew McLeod, Georgetown, D. C.;—Mr. Peter Haynes, Savannah, Geo.—and the office of the U. S. Catholic Miscellany, Charleston, S. C.

It is a well known fact that this great controversy has converted more sectaries to the Catholic Church in England and Ireland, than any other work whatever; and has also been the happy means of bringing great numbers to the true faith in the United States It is therefore hoped that every sincere Catholic will lend his aid, by putting down his name, to prevent so valuable a work from being out of print, more particularly when for his subscription, he will receive its utmost value.

Cabinet Maker, Furniture Warehouse and Undertaker.

THE subscriber informs the public, that he is now about to commence in the various branches of his business at his stand, near 7th street, between E and F streets, formerly occupied by Nathan Smith. He will make to order all kinds of CABINET WORK, at the shortest notice PRINTER'S FURNITURE of every description made to order, and materials will be kept on hand to suit the patterns a Intelligencer and Globe. He will attend to FUNERALS, as usual, in the city or country, at the shortest notice Long experience in the business, hires him to adopt the northern custom of keeping coffins ready made on hand, with Shrouds, Sheets, and every thing necessary for immediate interment, in case of plague and sudden death. Two first rate Hearses always in readiness to attend in this city of in the country.

june 15 PETER CALLAN.

CONFECTIONARY.

THE SUBSCRIBER having removed from 7th street to Pa. Avenue, between 3d and 4th street, below the UNION TAVERN, below, where he has the honor to inform his friends and the Public in General, that he is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice every variety of article in his line; Cakes of every description. Candies in every variety of Fruit, Nuts, &c.

H. BARNS

GERMAN HOTEL,
BY
CHARLES ROSENTHAL.

The proprietor has removed to the south side of Penn. Avenue, between 12th and 13th sts. to the House lately occupied by COLTMAN, where he will be happy to entertain his old customers and strangers

DEPOT HOUSE."

This is a new tavern recently opened by MICHAL MCDERMOTT, at that popular stand formerly occupied by Mr. McGuire, immediately opposite the car office, on Pennsylvania Avenue. Mr. McD. has long been known to the public as a successful carriage maker, and a most amiable man.

He has fitted up the house in a neat and commodious style, and solicits a portion of the public patronage. He is prepared to entertain travellers and citizens at the shortest notice. He has a well furnished bar, and provided with good beds and stables.

Cabinet, Chair, and Sofa Manufactory
AND
UPHOLSTERY.

G. W. DONN & CO.

Respectfully inform their friends, and the public in general, that they carry on the above named business in its various branches, and will manufacture to order any article in their line, also repair furniture of all descriptions in the best manner.

Their stock on hand in their Ware-room, on Pansylvania Avenue, equidistant from the railroad depot and Capitol gate, will consist of

Spring and cushion seat Sofas, Low Bedsteads
Sideboards, Bureaus, (column, dressing and common)
Centre, side, column, pier, dressing, sofa, loo, dining and breakfast Tables
Wardrobes, Bedsteads
Mahogany, Rocker, parlor and other Chairs
Hair, moss and shuck Mattresses, &c.

All of which are of the best workmanship, and will be sold as reasonable as at any other establishment in Washington

☞ Prsons wishing to exchange their old furniture for new will please give us a call.
Shop attended to.

STEAMBOAT AUGUSTA.—NOTICE.

The Steamboat Augusta will land and take off passengers at the following landings on Potomac River, every other day from date viz: Pye's and Budd's Landings, Maryland shore, and at Quantico, on the Virginia side of the river.

PASSAGE TO CHARLESTON S.C.

THE steam packet GEORGIA, Capt. will make a trip from Norfolk to Charleston on Friday the 16th instant; and on every alternate 3d March next she and the SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. Coffey, will commence their regular trips at once a week leaving Norfolk every Saturday, and Charleston every Friday. The engines have been overhauled and put in complete order.

These packets and officers are so well known to Southern travellers, it would be superfluous to say anything of either. Each of them is furnished with 150 of the most approved Life Preservers Passengers leaving Philadelphia the day previous will reach there by the Portsmouth rail road in time to passage through from Philadelphia

Baltimore
Boston

Tickets may be had of the Agents, Pratt's Wharf, Philadelphia, Jewett and Chesapeake Wharf, Baltimore, Steamboat Office, Baltimore road, Washington, and on board the Norfolk, Steamboat Office, Baltimore road Washington.

LOOK HERE! THE ROACH AND BED BUG BANE,

For destroying Roaches, Bed-bugs, Ants, &c.

This article is certainly the most conve- bat and safe now in use (for the same upose) requires to be applied time As it only during the season, who the three time to destroy, and keep wh wast be sufficient, &c. free from insects the leads, larde carry kind. and N. B. This preparation is put up in are bottles, with the directions for use,

For sale in Washington City by Charles Stott, corner of 7th street and Pa Avenue.

R. H. James, corner of 14th street and Avenue, and by

James Berry, on the Navy Yard, and a burg-town by O M. Linthicum.

PHILADELPHIA TYPE FOUNDRY JOHNSON & SMITH. No. 6 George street, [between 6th and 7th,] keep constantly on hand type, Presses, Printing and Printing Materials of every description

The folloin are the prices of Printing Types, at six months credit, for approved paper, or at a discount of 7 1-2 per cent for cash.

ROMAN AND ITALIC

lb.		
Pearl	40	Double G. Prim 38
Nonpareil	84	Double Paragon 38
Minion	75	Canon 34
Brevier	66	Four line Pica 32
Bourgeois	46	Five line Pica 34
Long Primer	42	Six line Pica
Pica	38	Most of the
English	38	Six line Pica
Great Primer	38	and larger, are
Paragon	38	cut on wood,
Double Pica	38	and are from
Double English	38	5 to 37 1-2 cts
		per letter.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE

For Restoring and Promoting the Growth of Hair.

THIS article not only promotes the Growth of Hair, but makes it soft and pliable. It prevents its falling off, and affords effectual nourishment to the Roots, restores it to its natural color, improves the beauty, and gradually changes light or red hair, to that of a brown or black. It also removes Dandruff, prevents baldness, and so extremely pleasant to use, that parents will find it of great advantage in cleaning children's heads; (as it is of great benefit to the health,) and is far superior to all other Restoratives, Balsams or Oils—and particularly in cases of Fever, when the hair begins to fall off. There has never been any thing so effectual as the 'Indian Restorative.'

To be had Wholesale and Retail of Charles Stott, corner of 7th street and Penn. Av. Washington City, D. C.

In Baltimore by Dr. A. Pena, No. 2 ... ath street.

CONDITIONS.

1. One thousand copies only will be printed.

2. The paper and print will both be excellent.

3. It will be issued in weekly parts at twelve and a-half cents each part payable on delivery.

4. The number of parts it will make cannot be ascertained with accuracy at present, but should it exceed eight, the overplus will be given gratis.

THORPE'S VEGETABLE ANTIBILIOUS PILLS. A sovereign remedy in cases of Bilious Indigestion, or sour Stomach; Dyspepsia, such as loss of Appetite; Nausea, or Sickness at the Stomach Costiveness; Languid lowness of Spirits, Giddiness; Palpitation of the Hear

For cleansing the stomach and removing the bile they stand unrivalled; they are also a excellent preventative of all disorder riginating from a foul stomach.

They are mild in their action, and purge but little, and are an excellent purifier of the blood.

N. B. These Pills contain no Mercury whatever, and may be taken without regard to diet and exposure.

For sale by J & W Young, jr; Charles Stott, corner of 7th and the avenue; H Wade on 7th street and by C & J Bardella, corner of 12th street and the avenue Washington City,

GERMAN HOTEL,

BY

CHARLES ROSENTHAL,

Pennsylvania Avenue bet. 12th and 13th sts

WASHINGTON, D. C.

NEW GROCERY,

Mr. JAMES GIVEN has the honor to inform the Public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has just opened a Grocery Store in that noted building on Penn Avenue, near the Railroad Depot, formerly occupied by Mr. Dunn as a furniture store, and latterly by the office of the Native American, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom, with every article in the Grocery line.

$100 REWARD.

DR. STORM'S SPECIFIC COMPOUND

For the cure of Gonorrhoa, Gleets, Strictures, Diabets or difficulty in making water, and all other unnatural discharges from the uretha of either sex.

In no case has this medicine been know to fail, to effect a permanent cure, and too in the shortest possible time. Should this medicine fail to effect a cure where it has been taken according to directions, return the empty vial and get back the money Why then spend both time and money with such quack nostrums as cannot be depended upon; when, for $1, you can purchase a pleasant, sure, and speedy cure, composed solely of vegetable substance? One hundred dollars will be paid to any one who will produce a medicine to equal this compound, or who will prove that it contains any mineral substance whatever.

☞For sale in Washington city by Robert Patterson, corner 9th and the Avenue. and Charles C. Stott, corner of 7th street. and the avenue; and by H. Wade on 7th street, and by J. & W. Young jr.

In Georgetown by John L. Kidwell.

MRS. HALL'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

Pennsylvania Avenue,

NEARLY OPP. BROWN'S HOTEL,

WASHINGTON.

FRESH

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS,

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, at

J. F. CALLAN'S,

Drug Store, Corner of E and 7th streets,

WASHINGTON CITY:

Among which may be found the following

Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans, various kinds; Beets, every variety; Brussels Sprouts, Broceli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, Carrots, do. do. Cauliflowers, late and early, Celery, white and red, Chervil, or Salad, Corn Salad, Cress or Pepper Grass; Cucumber, late and early; Corn, early, prolific, and sweet; Egg Plant, white and purple; Endive Curled; Kale or Borecole; Leek, English and Scotch Lettuce, all the best sorts; Melons and Cantelopes; Nasturtium; Okra, excellent for Soups; Onions, white, red, and silver, Parsley, plain and curled; Parsnip, large, Peas, extra early, early and late; Pepper, Squash and other, Pumpkins, premium, Radishes, many sorts; Rhubarb, for Tarts Salsify or Vegetable Oyster; Spnage round and prickly; Squash, every variety, Tomato, the finest kind; Turnip, all the best sorts, Onion Sets, &c. &c.

Splendid Flower Seeds, Bulbous Roots Dahlias, &c. &c.

☞These seeds are put up in small and convenient parcels, and are warranted true and genuine. The Roots, (particularly the Dahlias,) are of the most beautiful description, comprise all the new varieties, and will be sold at the New York prices

*** Orders from a distance punctually attended to, and Seeds, Roots and plants carefully packed to go to any part of the United States.

THE HUMAN HAIR is warranted to staid or restored, and the head kept free from Dandruff, by the genuine *Oldridge's Balm of Columbia.*

Remember the genuine as described below

This is certified to by several Mayors, Ministers of the Gospel, British Consul Physicians, and a great number of our most honorable citizens, to be seen where it is sold.

DARING FRAUD.—This article has been imitated by a notorious counterfeiter. Let it never be purchased or used unless it have, the name of L. SOMSTOCK, on the signature of COMSTOCK & CO. on a splendid wrapper. This is the only external test that will secure the Public from deception.

Apply at the wholesale and retail office No 2 Fletcher street, near Maiden Lane and Pearl street.

COMSTOCK & CO.

Wholesale Druggists, New York

A great variety of the most worthless wash for the hair has sprung up on the credit of this article. This has stood the test of 21 years, and rapidly increased in favor

STEAMBOAT HOTEL.

The subscriber having taken the large and commodious Hotel on Seventh street, one door from the corner of Pa. Av. facing *Centre Market*, formerly occupied by *John Lloyd*, Esq.

Of this long established house, for ales convenience. and comfortable apartments little need be said. he subscriber, alsoe ong known to the Public, is prepared to accommodate boarders and travellers at the shortest notice. His table is plentifully furnished with the best the market affords prepared by experienced cooks, and attentive servants;

His bar is furnished equal to any in the United States.

He flatters himself, therefore, that from his zeal to give entire satisfaction, he may receive a moderate share of public patronage.

B. O. SHECKLES.

sept. 23, 1840

PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY ... RIER.—Printed and published by A M'Makin & E. Holden, at No. 72 Dock Street, corner of Walnut.

Terms of Subscription—$3 per annum, $2 if paid in advance $1,25 in advance for six months.

Of Advertising.—$1 per square for each insertion. No yearly advertising admitted lahese terms have been adopted both because me number of subscribers are so much urger than all ne daily papers united, as to make them actually cheaper, and because a epetition of old advertisements affords no interest to the readers.

Papers discontinued only at the option of the publishers, while arrearages are due.

Small notes are received in payment of our bills,

Any person forwarding $10 will be entitled to six copies.

Postage on letters must invariably be paid.

Travelling Agents will much oblige by sending the numbers, and time paid for, as well as invariably the names paid.

All remittances of money by mail are acknowledged in the 'Receipts by Mail.'

Agents for this paper are earnestly requested to make quick remittances, without which it is impossible to keep accounts even.

When a single paper is ordered by an agent and postage accrues, if is invariably charged to the subscriber.

Directions must always be accompanied with the name of the subscriber, and the Post Office at which a paper is discontinued or paid for, and in case of a removal, the office from, as well as to, which the paper is to be changed.

PROPOSALS

FOR

PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION

The Authentic Report of the Controversial Discussion, that took place in the City of Dublin, in the year 1827, between the Rev THOMAS MAGUIRE, and the Rev R. T. P. POPE.

This celebrated work, the most remarkable controversial discussion of modern times, having gone through twenty-one editions in England and Ireland, where it is still read with extraordinary vidity, and in the United States passed through three editions, all of which are exhusted to the last copy; and the demand for it from all quarters, Catholic and Protestant, being still very great, it is proposed to re-publish it in Weekly Numbers at such a price as to put it within the reach of all without spressing any.

Those in the City of N. York, who wish the work, will be served by leaving their names with the publisher, John Doyle, 294, Pearl Street, those at a distance can have it regularly mailed to them, by remitting one dollar in a post-paid letter.

Agents.—Mr. Patrick Conolly, 118 Ann St. Boston;—Henry Mc Keon, Willing. Alley, Philadelphia;—Mr. John Farnon, Utica, N. Y.;—T. T Mathew McLeod, Georgetown, D. C.;—Mr. Peter Haynes, Savannah, Geo.—and the office of the U. S. Catholic Miscellany, Charleston, S. C.

It is a well known fact that this great controversy has converted more sectaries to the Catholic Church in England and Ireland, than any other work whatever; and has also been the happy means of bringing great numbers to the true faith in the United States. It is therefore hoped that every sincere Catholic will lend his aid, by putting down his name, to prevent so valuable a work from being out of print, more particularly when for his subscription, he will receive the utmost value.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has taken the City Lunch, corner of 14th street and Pennsylvania avenue, formerly kept by John Hood jr. where he intends keeping all the delicacies of the season, both in the eating and drinking way. Gentlemen will please call and taste for themselves.

Mar 1840 J. W. DEXTER.

CHARLES CAHEN

Informs the Public that he has removed to that popular stand formerly occupied by Michael McDermott, at the corner of Sixth street and Penn. Av. where he continues to furnish refreshments to citizens and transcients, as usual. He begs leave to return his thanks to his friends and the Public in general for their liberal patronage heretofore, and hopes by assiduity and attention to merit a continuance of their favors.

Washington, D. C.
Oct. 1, 1840.

THE GENUINE VEGEABLE PILLS—An effectual cure for Gonorrhœa, Gleets Strictures, &c. &c. Of all the remedies yet discovered for the cure of these complaints, the Vegetable Pills have been the most effectual, as they have never been known to fail to effect a perfect cure. They are mild and pleasant to take, yet powerful in their action, and may be taken without the knowledge of the most intimate friend. These Pills are put up in square boxes, with full directions accompanying each box. For sale by & W Young, jr. C Stott, corner of 7th street and the ave e; C T and T e Jardella, corner of 12th a the avenue p Wade on 7th street.

Georgetown, O by Linthic

MICHAEL McDERMOTT wishes to inform his customers and the Public in general, that he still continues to carry on the COACH MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, on Penn avenue, between Third and Four-and-a-half street where he keeps constantly on hand for sale Family Carriages, Barouches, Vehicles, Buggies, Sulkies, Gigs, Carryalls &c. made of the best materials and by selected workmen. He hopes by strict attention to business, to receive a share of public patronage.

Repairing done as usual.

NOTICE TO WESTERN TRAVELLERS.

FARE 2 dollars cheaper than any other line to Frederick or Wheeling.

The Fredericktown stage leaves the office of Josiah Gaesby's Hotel, daily, to Frederick and Wheeling. Passengers stopping there can at this office or in Baltimore, have a decided preference at all other passengers that steam it, for the

The stage will leave Fredericktown daily on the arrival of the Western stages, and arrive at Washington in time to take all Southern routes. by this line the passengers will arrive at Winchester the same day.

The coaches and teams on this route are of the first quality, with skilful and attentive drivers, and the proprietor pledges himself that every attention and accommodation will be given to the passengers who give this line their patronage.

feb 19 JOHN BROWN, Proprietor.

SHERWOOD'S ELECTRO MAGNETIC MEDIES FOR CHRONIC DISEASES ... he class of Hypetrophy, including the forms of Scrofula, viz: Tubercle Consumption, Dyspepsia, Chronic Disease of the Liver of the Heart of the Spleen, of the Viscera, of the Spine, White Swellings, Scrofulous Sore Eyes, Sore Head, King' Evil, Leucorrhœa, Chlorosis, Menorrhagia or Females complaints.

These are but different modifications of the same disease, arising from the same cause, and cured by the same diagnosis and by the same remedies. Their commencement is an irregular action of the Electro-Caloric forces in the system; they may all be detected by pressure upon the sides of the vertebræ and heads of the nerves which elicits the Electro-Caloric symptom, and they may be cured by these Electro-galvanic remedies: The latter are accompanied by a comprehensive medical treatise, explaining the principles the discovery upon which they are founded, and stating the manner in which they are to be applied In this work Dr Sherwood demonstrates the fact that every part of the human body, together with every particle of animate and inanimate matter of either in a negative or positive state of repulsion and that every motion in all power whether it be largest masses or in the smallest particles, is produced by the attracting and repelling forces of this universal principle. The morbific poison or virus produces disease of the opposite kinds. In order to be occasioned by the same principle, and one of these forces in the system and his remedies restore health by subduing this irregular action to an equilibrium. By this means the very seeds of the disease are eradicated, and a permanent cure effected, even in cases where all hope of relief from other sources is abandoned. The Electro Magnetic remedies are the only preparations applicable to this prevailing class of diseases, and they never disappoint the confidence reposed in them. The symptoms of the class of diseases to which they are applicable may be discovered, under directions contained in the work which accompanies them without the aid of a physician, and the medicines used with perfect safety and secrecy, despite inconvenience, or any other information which this work affords. Price 50, for sale and at the Corner between Browns and Gadsbyes